

Date:	Tuesday, 9 July 2024
Time:	12:30 pm
Location:	Council Chamber, Wairoa District Council, Coronation Square, Wairoa

AGENDA

Late Reports

Finance, Assurance & Risk Committee Meeting

9 July 2024

MEMBERSHIP: His Worship the Mayor Craig Little, Cr Jeremy Harker, Cr Denise Eaglesome-Karekare, Mr Philip Jones, Cr Benita Cairns, Cr Melissa Kaimoana

The agenda and associated papers are also available on our website: <u>www.wairoadc.govt.nz</u>

For further information please contact us 06 838 7309 or by email info@wairoadc.govt.nz

Order Of Business

8	General	Items	.3
	8.1	Monthly Financial Report to 31 May 2024	.3
	8.2	Risk Discussion - Flood Event 26 June 2024	24

8 **GENERAL ITEMS**

8.1 MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT TO 31 MAY 2024

Author: Gary Borg, Pouwhakarae - Putea Tautawhi Rangapu | Group Manager Finance and Corporate Support

Authoriser: Mike Hardie, Pouwhakarae - Hua Pumau | Group Manager Assets & Infrastructure

Appendices: 1. Financial Report May 2024 <u>J</u>

1. PURPOSE

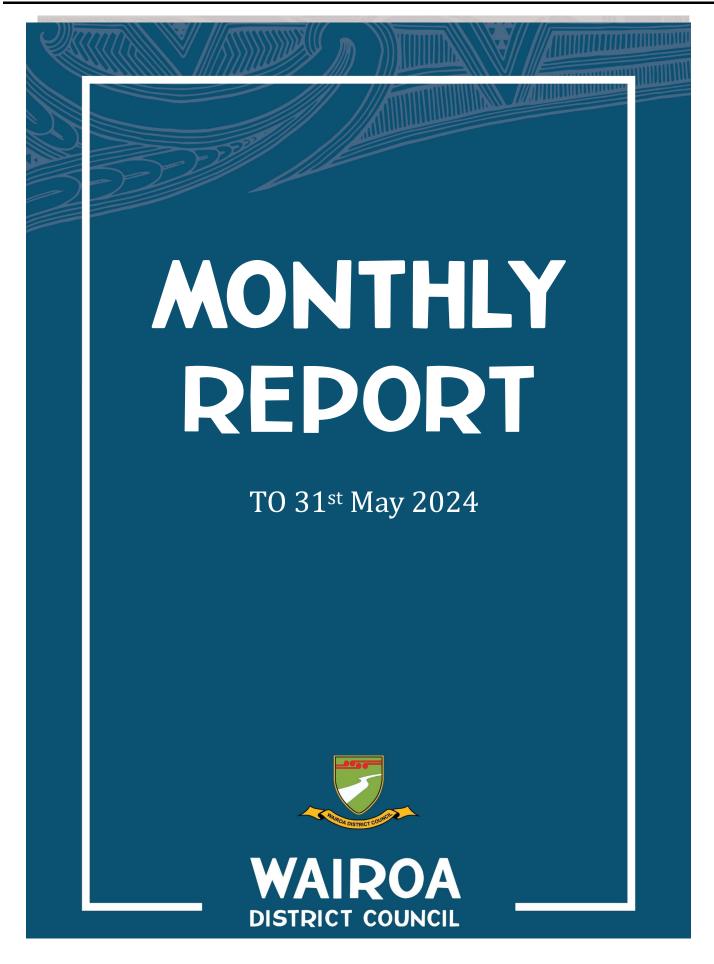
- 1.1 This report provides information for Committee on Council's operating financial performance for the 10 months to 30 April 2024. No decisions are required by Committee at this stage.
- 1.2 This is an information report-only because it provides an update on Council's progress against objectives established and decisions previously made in the Annual Plan 2023-24 and Long-term Plan 2021-31.

RECOMMENDATION

The Pouwhakarae - Putea Tautawhi Rangapu | Group Manager Finance and Corporate Support RECOMMENDS that Committee receive the report.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 Council's minimum statutory obligations regarding reporting, public accountability and financial management are contained in Part 6 of the Local Government Act 2002. Monitoring financial performance on Council's behalf is included in the Committee's Terms of Reference.
- 2.2 Beyond this, regular performance reporting is good practice, keeping Council and the community informed of its financial performance and position.
- 2.3 In addition, reporting during the year provides an indication of full year outcomes and informs the decision-making process for each subsequent Annual Plan and Long-term Plan.
- 2.4 The Monthly Report to 30 April 2024, attached as Appendix 1, sets out the financial results, position and performance, explaining material variances.



ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT

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This report covers the period 1 July 2023 through 31 May 2024.

FINANCE, ASSURANCE & RISK COMMITTEE MEETING

9 JULY 2024



ΗΕ ΤΑUĀKĪ PŪTEA WHIWHI ME TE PŪTEA WHAKAHAERE

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

For	the	neriod	ended	30	Anril	2024
	une	periou	enueu	50	Aprill	2024

	YTD	Annual Plan**				
	30 April 2024	30 April 2024		٢	Variance	30 June 2023
	\$000	\$000	\$000	%		\$000
-						
Revenue	15 552	15 554	(1)	00/		15 640
Rates revenue	15,553	15,554	(1)	0%		15,649
Subsidies and grants	47,111	24,482	22,629	92%	Α	24,244
Petrol tax	67	67	-	0%		80
Fees and charges	2,664	2,687	(23)	-1%		2,495
Investment revenue	880	985	(105)	-11%		380
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-	-	0%		-
Total revenue	66,275	43,775	22,500	51%		42,869
Expense						
Water supply	2,583	2,162	421	19%	В	2,404
Stormwater	977	811	166	20%	С	474
Wastewater	2,558	2,305	253	11%	D	3,111
Solid waste	2,335	2,328	7	0%		2,719
Transport	40,178	12,276	27,902	227%	E	15,003
Community facilities	2,676	2,718	(42)	-2%		2,537
Planning and regulatory	6,127	2,955	3,172	107%	F	2,735
Leadership and governance	3,364	3,613	(249)	-7%	G	2,532
Corporate	1,263	1,050	213	20%	н	1,007
Total expense	62,061	30,218	31,843	105%		32,522
Net surplus / (deficit) before taxation	4,214	13,557				10,347
Subvention income	-	-	-	0%		-
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year	4,214	13,557				10,347
Other comprehensive revenue and expense						
Fair value movement – property, plant and equipment	-	-				9,914
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year	4,214	13,557				20,261

Variance explanations (actual YTD compared to YTD annual plan)

** Annual Plan

Phasing Approach: Phasing in the annual plan is predominantly executed evenly over the 12 months. It's important to note that this even phasing may result in certain higher-than-expected variances. However, we anticipate a decrease in these variances as we progress through the year.

Recovery Cost Considerations: Recovery costs were included at a net value. Only amounts anticipated not to be recoverable were included in the plan.

A Subsidies and grants exceed expectations by \$20 million, a 93% variance, primarily due to ongoing arrangements with Waka Kotahi covering response and recovery costs. The majority of this variance relates to additional funding from Waka Kotahi, amounting to \$18.5 million.

Major subsidies and grants recognised to date:

- Transport: Waka Kotahi/NZTA \$34 million
- ✤ MBIE: Gemmels Building \$2.9 million
- Recovery: HBRC Extreme Weather Event Recovery \$2.8 million
- Campground upgrade: \$710 thousand, spread between DIA Better off (limited to \$250 thousand) and MBIE
- Tairawhiti Adventure Trust: Mahia Recreational Spaces project \$400 thousand
- Recovery: Red Cross Liveable homes \$362 thousand

- **B** Fees and charges exceed the budget by \$301,000, Landfill User charges over Budget \$221k due to the increased gate/weight charges, regional development grant miscoded as fees and charges \$150k other deficits of fees and charges -37
- C Investment Revenue are \$58 thousand below the budget, primarily due to timing differences between the actual results and the budget. For example, dividends from QRS are already included in the year-to-date budget but will only be received later in the year. Additionally, borrowing additional funds towards the end of last year resulted in higher interest received, which was not accounted for in the Annual Plan.

Interest -577 Div 698 other -63

D Water supply exceeds the budget by \$377 thousand. Most of this can be attributed to higher depreciation costs due to a difference in valuation used during the Annual Plan and what was received at the end of the financial year and used for actual calculations. In addition, operations and maintenance costs are also above expectations as we proceed with recovery work earnestly, but this work is included in the annual plan evenly phased during the 12 months of the year.

Deprec 144 ops cost 233

Stormwater exceeds budget by 191 34 Depreciation, Emergency costs 53, operation & maintenance 96

- E Wastewater expenditure exceeds the budget by \$261,000, representing a variance close to 10%. Therefore, it's included in some months when above and excluded when below for this report. The primary reason for this increase is the higher spending on operating and maintenance costs, which is expected as we continue with recovery works.
 ok
- F Transport cost exceeded the budget by \$24 million, a significant increase of 256%, as outlined in section A. This is mainly attributed to the effects of weather events from the previous financial year. Waka Kotahi is providing funding for a considerable portion of this expenditure at a rate ranging from 95% to 100% FAR (Funding Assistance Rate), resulting in an upsurge in subsidies and grants in section A.

	Transport			
		An Plan	YTD Actual	Difference
Subsidies and grants		4458	29734	25276
Depreciation		3732	5117	1385
All other costs		7,310	29,960	22650
All Costs		11,042	35,077	24035
Surplus				1241

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 - **Planning and regulatory costs** exceed expectations by \$2.8 million, representing a 117% variance. This increase is primarily Recovery related being \$1.8 million incurred for the collection of waste from properties and higher landfill operation costs. Most of the recovery-specific cost centres fall under this activity. As mentioned earlier in the notes, recovery costs were included at a net value (income less expenditure), and here you will find the gross expenditure allocated, with income reflected at a gross level under Subsidies and Grants.

Recovery		
	An Plan	YTD Actual
Subsidies and grants	0	3499
other costs	753	3888
loss	-753	-389
other costs	1901	1794
other costs	1901	1794
Total Planing & Regulatory department	2654	5682

ΗΕ ΤΑυΑΚΙ ΤΟ ΡΟΤΕΑ

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 April 2024

	YTD	Annual Plan			
	30 April 2024	30 April 2024	30 June 2023	Vari	ance
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	%
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	8,101	551	7,550	93%	13,688
Inventories	74	82	(8)	-11%	71
Assets held for sale	18	18	-	0%	
Trade and other receivables	16,484	4,624	11,860	72%	A 13,550
Financial assets at fair value	1,025	1,831	(1,613)	-176%	B 351
Total current assets	25,702	7,106			27,660
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	17,408	7,866	9,542	55%	16,416
Borrowings	1,500	1,500		0%	11,500
Total current liabilities	18,908	9,366			8,438
	,	-,			-,
Working capital	6,794	(2,260)			1,812
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	446,664	313,994	121,722	26%	455,018
Work in progress	19,502	30,450			6,093
Investment in subsidiary	1,250	1,250	-	0%	1,250
Loan to related party	1,026	1,000			1,036
Investment property	353	368	(15)	-4%	379
Biological asset - forestry	115	115	-	0%	115
Intangible assets	14	12	2	14%	568
Financial assets at fair value	(108)	699	(807)	747%	B 742
Total non-current assets	468,816	347,888			465,201
Non-current liabilities					
Trade and other payables			-	0%	49
Landfill aftercare	1,378	1,004	374	27%	1,378
Borrowings	14,026	11,322	2,704	19%	C 7,526
Total non-current liabilities	15,404	12,326			8,953
Net assets	460,206	333,302			455,992
Represented by					
Equity	460,206	333,302			455,992

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Variance explanations (actual YTD compared to YTD annual plan)

A noticeable difference exists between the Year-to-Date (YTD) actuals and the YTD annual plan, mainly due to timing differences affecting the opening balances during the formulation of the annual plan and the closing balances as of June 30, 2023. In addition, two key points also requires mentioning:

- a. Cyclone Recovery was substantively excluded from the annual plan because there was too much uncertainty when the plan was adopted. This affects cash, receivables, payables, and borrowings.
- b. The finalization of Property, Plant, and Equipment (PPE) valuation occurred in October 2023, and was significantly higher than the indices applied in the Annual Plan.

HE TAUĀKĪ MANA TAURITE

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the period ended 30 April 2024

	YTD 30 April 2024 \$000	Annual Plan 30 April 2024 \$000	30 June 2023 \$000
Total equity - opening balance	455,992	319,745	310,478
Net surplus (deficit) for period	5,584	12,255	2,587
Other comprehensive income	-	-	142,927
Total comprehensive income (Bold this row please)	5,584	12,255	145,514
Total equity - closing balance	461,576	332,000	455,992

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Components of equity Ratepayer's equity

Ratepayer's equity - opening balance	163,798	161,550	163,343
Net surplus/(deficit) for period	5,584	12,255	2,587
Transfers to special reserves	897	-	(3,717)
Transfers from special reserves	(13,206)	-	1,585
Transfer from revaluation reserve	-	-	
Ratepayer's equity - closing balance	157,073	173,805	163,798
Special reserves			
Special reserves - opening balance	24,656	22,525	22,524
Transfer to ratepayer's equity	13,206	-	(1,585)
Transfer from ratepayer's equity	(897)	-	3,717
Special reserves - closing balance	36,965	22,525	24,656
Revaluation reserves			
Revaluation reserves - opening balance	267,538	135,670	124,611
Net transfer to ratepayer's equity	-	-	
Revaluation recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense	-	-	142,927
Revaluation reserves - closing balance	267,538	135,670	267,538
Total equity - closing balance	461,576	332,000	455,992

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HE TAUĀKĪ KAPEWHITI

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

For the period ended 30 April 2024

		YTD 30 April 2024 \$000	30 June 2023 \$000
	Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash was provided from:	Rates received	13,998	16,369
	Other revenue	50,122	36,494
	Investment income	829	1,536
	Subvention income		50
Cash was applied to:	Payments to suppliers and employees	(52,823)	(40,924)
	Interest paid	(549)	(481)
	Net cash flows from operating activities	11,577	13,044
	Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash was provided from:	Sale of property, plant and equipment		-
	Insurance proceeds	-	-
	Sale of financial assets	-	1,735
Cash was applied to:	Purchase of financial assets	(224)	(63)
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(11,072)	(12,776)
	Purchase of intangibles	-	(551)
	Loans made to subsidiary	-	(1,036)
	Net cash flows used in investing activities	(11,296)	(12,691)
	Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash was provided from:	Loans raised	-	10,526
Cash was applied to:	Borrowings repaid	-	(1,500)
	Net cash flows (used in)from financing activities	-	9,026
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	281	9,379
	equivalents		
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	13,688	4,309
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	13,969	13,688
	Made up of:		
	Cash		13
	Short term deposits	13,969	13,675
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	13,969	13,688

So far this year, the Council has received but not spent \$5 million of recovery donations and grants. The fluctuations from month to month primarily stem from timing differences between when funds are received and when they are paid out.



HE TAUĀKĪ WHAKAAWEAWE PŪTEA

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENTS

Understanding Funding Impact Statements

These statements set out Council's sources of operating and capital funding to be used for the 2022/23 financial year, and how this funding is to be applied. Council's sources of operating funding include items such as fees and charges, and its applications of operating funding include items such as payments to staff and suppliers. Council's sources of capital funding include items such as subsidies and grants for capital expenditure, and its applications of capital funding include capital expenditure to improve levels of service or replace existing assets. The difference between the value of total capital funding and application of this funding is the amount that Council needs to fund from rating for depreciation, both in the current year and from reserves which have built up over several years. These statements do not include depreciation. This is because it is a non-cash item. The Whole of Council Funding Impact Statement provides combined totals of all Council's sources of operating and capital sources of funding and application, and activity-level funding impact statements which separates this information into Council's key activity groups such as water supply and waste management.

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 (WHOLE OF COUNCIL)

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
	LTP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	11,920	11,777	12,726	13,049	9,786	9,786
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	4,807	4,750	5,311	5,616	4,212	4,212
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	5,864	30,418	6,030	6,676	5,007	33,820
Fees and charges	2,377	2,513	2,441	3,227	2,418	2,721
Interest and dividends from Investments	701	1,641	698	1,183	887	829
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other	07	07			60	61
receipts	87	97	90	80	22.270	E1 404
Total operating funding (A)	25,756	51,196	27,296	29,830	22,370	51,429
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	22,618	48,097	23,551	27,437	22,249	46,535
Finance costs	1,323	166	1,436	839	460	572
Other operating funding applications		-		-	-	
Total Applications of operating funding (B)	23,941	48,263	24,987	28,276	22,709	47,10
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	1,815	2,933	2,309	1,554	(339)	4,322
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	5,843	9,924	6,948	22,704	19,927	8,807
Development and financial contributions	-		-		-	- ,
Increase (decrease) in debt	252	(1,868)	(440)	409	(14,628)	(3,700
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	37	(1,000)	47	-	-	(-)
Lump sum contributions	-	-		_	-	
Other dedicated capital funding				_	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	6,132	8,056	6,555	23,113	5,299	5,10
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	599	146	-	105	112	
- to improve the level of service	2,885	3,189	3,898	4,038	1,604	5,058
- to replace existing assets	6,292	9,237	8,732	24,706	4,740	5,449
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(1,829)	(1,583)	(3,766)	(4,178)	(1,496)	(1,082
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	7,947	10,989	8,864	24,671	4,960	9,429
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C.D.)	(1.015)	(2.022)	(2.200)	/1	220	(1 222
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,815)	(2,933)	(2,309)	(1,557)	339	(4,322)
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	

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	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
	AP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	156	154	165	165	123	123
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	1,407	1,390	1,486	1,481	1,110	1,110
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	83	-	-	-	12
Fees and charges	357	387	366	365	273	290
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal interest income	131	-	126	-	-	-
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other					-	-
receipts	-	14	-	-	1.500	1 525
Total operating funding (A)	2,051	2,028	2,143	2,010	1,506	1,535
Applications of an austing funding						
Applications of operating funding	1 100	1 400	1 222	1 100	893	1 000
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,182	1,402	1,223	1,190	093	1,080
Finance costs	55	-	57	-	-	-
Internal charges and overheads applied Internal interest charged	413	344 76	449	413 43	311 32	332 57
Other operating funding applications	-	- 10	-	43	- 52	- 51
Total applications of operating funding (B)	1,650	1,822	1,729	1,646	1,236	1,469
	_,		_,	_,• • •		
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	401	206	414	364	270	66
Sources of capital funding		24.6				
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	216	-	-	-	-
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	- (110)
Increase (decrease) in debt	(370)	(193)	(371)	(364)	(269)	(118)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(370)	23	(371)	(364)	(269)	(118)
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
	21	(0)				
- to meet additional demand	31 528	(0) 166	-	- 11	8	
- to improve the level of service			53 840		° 553	-
- to replace existing assets	140	154	849	1,072	(560)	(52)
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(668)	(91)	(859)	(1,082)	(000)	(52)
Increase (decrease) of investments Total applications of capital funding (D)	-	-	-	-	1	(52)
lotal applications of capital funding (D)	31	229	43	0	1	(52)
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(401)	(206)	(414)	(364)	(270)	(66)
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for this activity include the following depreciation/amortisation charge					(702)	(846)
uepreciation/amortisation charge						

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR WATER SUPPLY

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
	AP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	30	29	30	39	29	29
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	267	264	267	349	262	262
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-	250	187	-
Fees and charges	-	-	-	-	-	2
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal interest income	70	-	71	-	-	-
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other					-	-
_receipts Total operating funding (A)	367	-	-	-	478	293
Total operating runding (A)	307	293	368	638	410	255
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	141	163	122	407	306	444
Finance costs	57	- 105	59		-	
Internal charges and overheads applied	161	115	176	165	123	130
Internal interest charged	-	70	- 1/0	52	39	53
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	359	348	357	624	468	627
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	8	(55)	11	14	10	(334)
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	(8)	150	42	351	376	856
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(8)	150	42	351	376	856
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	-	95	-	-	112	4
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets	-	-	53	418	274	518
Increase (decrease) in reserves	-	-	-	(53)	-	-
Increase (decrease) of investments	-				-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	-	95	53	365	386	522
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(8)	55	(11)	(14)	(10)	334
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for this activity include the following						
depreciation/amortisation charge					(264)	(296)

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR STORMWATER

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
	AP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of energting funding						
Sources of operating funding					170	170
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	233	230	238	235	176	176
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	2,095	2,070	2,145	2,212	1,659	1,659
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fees and charges	-	35	-	-	-	2
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal interest income	33	-	43	-	-	-
Interest and dividends from Investments Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other	-	-	-	-	-	-
receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total operating funding (A)	2,361	2,335	2,426	2,447	1,835	1,837
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,334	1,519	1,297	1,489	1,117	1,296
Finance costs	200	-	200	-	-	-
Internal charges and overheads applied	312	313	340	308	231	250
Internal interest charged	-	257	-	67	50	193
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	1,846	2,089	1,837	1,864	1,398	1,739
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	515	246	589	583	437	98
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	487	-	104	78	-
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	(95)	(197)	(486)	(583)	(515)	(104)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(95)	290	(486)	(479)	(437)	(104)
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	259	50			_	(0)
	259 52	265	1 260	- 104		(0)
- to improve the level of service	52 161	265 415	1,369 140	104 80	40	4
- to replace existing assets					(40)	(41)
Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	(52)	(194)	(1,406)	(80)	(40)	(41)
Total applications of capital funding (D)	420	536	103	104		(6)
Total applications of capital funding (D)	420	530	103	104		(0)
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(515)	(246)	(589)	(583)	(437)	(98)
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for this activity include the following					(676)	(EQC)
depreciation/amortisation charge					(676)	(596)

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR WASTEWATER

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 24 FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/2
	AP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	YT
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$00
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	115	114	157	175	131	13
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	1,038	1,026	1,413	1,574	1,181	1,1
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	1,050	1,020	1,415	-	_,	_,_
Fees and charges	711	745	758	1,102	827	1,0
Internal charges and overheads recovered		-	-	-	-	_,-
Internal interest income	16	_	15	-	-	
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other						
receipts	-	-	-	-	-	
Total operating funding (A)	1,880	1,885	2,343	2,851	2,139	2,4
Applications of operating funding						
Applications of operating funding	1 005	1 040	1 075	2 200	1,770	1,5
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,605	1,849	1,875	2,366	1,110	1,5
Finance costs	83		84	35	- 169	1
Internal charges and overheads applied Internal interest charged	228	182 64	248	227 40	57	1
Other operating funding applications		- 04	_	+0	-	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	1,916	2,095	2,207	2,668	1,996	1,8
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	(36)	(210)	136	183	143	64
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	10
Increase (decrease) in debt	571	224	96	(63)	(142)	(64
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	571	224	96	(63)	(142)	(64
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	309	-	-	20	-	
- to improve the level of service	-	19	-	-	-	
- to replace existing assets	252	5	380	100	75	
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(26)	(10)	(148)	-	(74)	
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	535	14	232	120	1	
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	36	210	(136)	(183)	(143)	(64
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses for this activity include the following depreciation/amortisation charge					(92)	(10
uepreciation/amortisation charge						

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR TRANSPORT

	AP	Actual	LTP	4.0		
				AP	AP YTD	YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	4,211	4,161	4,568	4,742	3,557	3,557
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	4,211	4,101	4,500	-,1+2		5,55
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	5,785	23,231	5,949	5,943	4,458	29,73
Fees and charges	43	38	54	55	40	23,13
nternal charges and overheads recovered	43	- 50	54	55	-10	2
Internal interest income	- 38	-	- 45	-		
Interest and dividends from Investments	30	-	45	-		
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other	-	-	-	-		
receipts	-	-	-	-	-	
Fotal operating funding (A)	10,077	27,430	10,616	10,740	8,055	33,31
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	7,414	25,186	7,609	7,933	5,930	28,58
Finance costs	65	-	105	183	-	
nternal charges and overheads applied	1,655	1,452	1,805	1,603	1,201	1,31
nternal interest charged	-	82	-	52	179	6
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-	7 210	20.00
Total applications of operating funding (B)	9,134	26,720	9,519	9,771	7,310	29,96
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	943	710	1,097	969	745	3,35
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	5,843	7,186	6,895	18,693	14,020	4,32
Development and financial contributions	3,043	7,100	0,095	10,095	14,020	7,52
•	-	-			(10,359)	(3,817
ncrease (decrease) in debt	98	(306)	307	(469)	(10,555)	(3,01
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	9	-	-	-	-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C)	5,950	6,880	7,202		3,661	50
	3,550	0,000	1,202	10,224		
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-	-	-	
- to improve the level of service	2,289	289	2,408	3,893	1,571	66
- to replace existing assets	5,365	8,281	6,720	16,937	3,398	3,89
ncrease (decrease) in reserves	(761)	(980)	(829)	(1,637)	(563)	(706
ncrease (decrease) of investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	6,893	7,590	8,299	19,193	4,406	3,85
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(943)	(710)	(1,097)	(969)	(745)	(3,353
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses for this activity include the following depreciation/amortisation charge					(3,732)	(5,117

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR COMMUNITY FACILITIES

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24 AP YTD	2023/24 YTD
	AP	Actual	LTP	AP		
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Sources of operating funding						
	2 104	2.007	2 2 2 0	2 722	2 700	2 700
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	3,104	3,067	3,220	3,732	2,799	2,799
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	-	-	-	-	- 10	172
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	25	110	26	33	18	173
Fees and charges	72	53	73	76	49	84
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal interest income	11	-	11	-	-	-
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts	-	-	_	-	-	-
Total operating funding (A)	3,212	3,230	3,330	3,841	2,866	3,056
	0,	0,200	0,000			
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	2,574	2,275	2,635	2,573	2,001	1,969
Finance costs	47	-	47	2	-	-
Internal charges and overheads applied	349	358	379	315	235	247
Internal interest charged	-	18	-	11	10	14
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	2,970	2,651	3,061	2,901	2,246	2,230
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	242	579	269	940	620	826
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	394	-	628	471	812
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	(207)	(720)	(234)	(862)	(1,059)	(975)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(207)	(326)	(234)	(234)	(588)	(163)
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	-	1	-	85	-	-
- to improve the level of service	16	310	16	20	15	619
- to replace existing assets	198	111	214	1,222	85	129
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(179)	(169)	(195)	(621)	(68)	(85)
Increase (decrease) of investments		()		-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	35	253	35	706	32	663
Sumbus (deficit) of conital funding (C.D.)	(242)	(570)	(200)	(040)	(620)	(826)
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(242)	(579)	(269)	(940)	(020)	(020)
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for this activity include the following					(107)	(100)
depreciation/amortisation charge					(167)	(162)

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR PLANNING AND REGULATORY

	2022/22	2022/22	2022/24	2022/24	2023/24	2023/2
	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	AP YTD \$000	2023/24 YTD \$000
	ар \$000	AP Actual 000 \$000	LTP \$000	AP \$000		
	3000	3000	\$000	\$000	3000	Ş 00
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	1,084	1,071	1,148	1,048	786	78
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	-	-	- -	· -	-	
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	5,990	-	-	-	3,49
Fees and charges	775	790	762	1,303	977	86
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	· -	-	
Internal interest income	-	7	-	-	-	
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other						
receipts	-	-	-	-	-	
Total operating funding (A)	1,859	7,858	1,910	2,351	1,763	5,15
Applications of operating funding		a			1.020	5.0
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,476	8,054	1,483	2,555	1,930	5,24
Finance costs	12	11	12	-	-	
Internal charges and overheads applied	650	774	684	402	302	31
Internal interest charged Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-	-	
	2 120	0.020	2 170		2,232	5,5
Total applications of operating funding (B)	2,138	8,839	2,179	2,957	2,232	5,5,
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	(279)	(981)	(269)	(606)	(469)	(40
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	_	-	-	-	-	
Development and financial contributions				_	-	
Increase (decrease) in debt	279	981	269	606	469	4(
		561		000	-	
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	14	-	25		-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C)	293	981	294	- 606	469	4(
	233	301	234	000		
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-	-	-	
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-	-	-	
- to replace existing assets	46	7	84	-	-	(
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(32)	(7)	(59)	-	-	
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	14	(0)	25	-	-	(
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	279	981	269	606	469	4(
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses for this activity include the following					(60)	(10
depreciation/amortisation charge					(00)	(10

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR LEADERSHIP AND GOVERNANCE

	2021/22 AP	2021/22	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23 YTD
		Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD	
	\$000	\$000 \$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$00
Sources of operating funding						
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	2 740	2 716	2 042	2 244	2,509	2,50
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	2,749	2,716	2,843	3,344	2,505	2,50
		- 744			344	23
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	54 244	144 158	56 249	450	73	23
Fees and charges	244	156	249	87	15	2.
Internal charges and overheads recovered Internal interest income	-	-	-	-		
Interest and dividends from Investments	-	-	-	-		
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other	-	-	-	-	-	
receipts	-	-	-	-	-	
Total operating funding (A)	3,047	3,618	3,148	3,881	2,926	2,97
Applications of operating funding						
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,245	1,871	1,209	3,110	3,925	1,68
Finance costs	12	-	12	4	-	
Internal charges and overheads applied	1,706	1,292	1,839	1,914	1,437	1,3
Internal interest charged Other operating funding applications	-	5	-	-	2	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	2.062	3,168	3,060	5,028	5,364	3,06
Total applications of operating funding (B)	2,963	3,108	3,060	5,028	3,304	3,00
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	84	450	88	(1,147)	(2,438)	(8
Sources of capital funding						
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	1,571	53	3,003	5,151	2,89
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in debt	(84)	(13)	(88)	2,050	(2,713)	85
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	21	-	-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(84)	1,558	(14)	5,053	2,438	3,75
Application of capital funding						
Capital expenditure						
- to meet additional demand	_	-	-	-	-	
- to improve the level of service	_	2,008	53	10	-	3,66
- to replace existing assets	18	2,000	33 77	3,907	5	-,-
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(18)	-	(56)	(10)	(5)	
Increase (decrease) of investments	(10)	-	(30)	(10)		
Total applications of capital funding (D)	-	2,008	74	3,907	-	3,66
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(84)	(450)	(88)	1,147	2,438	8
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses for this activity include the following					(10)	11
depreciation/amortisation charge					(18)	(1

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT FOR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 April 2024 FOR CORPORATE FUNCTIONS

	2021/22 AP	22 2021/22	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23		
		AP	AP	AP	Actual	LTP	AP	AP YTD
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$00		
Sources of operating funding								
General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	238	235	357	(432)	(324)	(324		
Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply)	-	- 255	-	(132)	-	(
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	260	_	_	-	e		
Fees and charges	175	307	179	239	179	17		
Internal charges and overheads recovered	5,712	5,078	6,168	5,509	4,398	4,29		
Internal interest income	84	701	84	350	251	52		
Interest and dividends from Investments	701	1,641	698	1,183	887	82		
Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other	101	1,041	050	1,105				
receipts	87	83	90	80	60	e		
Total operating funding (A)	6,997	8,305	7,576	6,929	5,451	5,63		
Applications of operating funding					4 277	4.61		
Payments to staff and suppliers	5,647	5,778	6,098	5,814	4,377	4,65		
Finance costs	792	155	862	615	460	56		
Internal charges and overheads applied	239	249	248	158	100	1		
Internal interest charged Other operating funding applications	382	135	391	86	171	1(
Total applications of operating funding (B)	7,060	6,317	7,599	6,673	5,108	5,47		
Total applications of operating funding (b)	7,000	0,317	1,555	0,013				
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A - B)	(63)	1,988	(23)	256	343	16		
Sources of capital funding								
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	70	-	276	207	77		
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	-	-			
Increase (decrease) in debt	68	(1,793)	23	(256)	(416)	(15		
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	14	-	-	-	-			
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	-	-			
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-	-	-			
Total sources of capital funding (C)	82	(1,723)	23	20	(209)	61		
Application of capital funding								
Capital expenditure								
- to meet additional demand					_			
- to improve the level of service	-	133	-	-	10	ç		
•	112	265	214	- 971	310	87		
- to replace existing assets					(186)	(19		
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(93)	(132)	(214)	(695)	(100)	(19		
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-	-	124			
Total applications of capital funding (D)	19	265	-	276	134	77		
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	63	(1,988)	23	(256)	(343)	(16		
Funding balance ((A-B) + (C-D))	-	-	-	-	-			
Expenses for this activity include the following					(221)	12.4		
depreciation/amortisation charge					(321)	(34		

8.2 RISK DISCUSSION - FLOOD EVENT 26 JUNE 2024

- Author: Gary Borg, Pouwhakarae Putea Tautawhi Rangapu | Group Manager Finance and Corporate Support
- Authoriser: Mike Hardie, Pouwhakarae Hua Pumau | Group Manager Assets & Infrastructure
- Appendices: 1.
 - SitRep #1 ↓
 SitRep #12 ↓
 - 3. Draft Transition Report $\frac{1}{2}$
- 1. PURPOSE
 - 1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide a basis for discussion of the risk facing Council and its community following the flooding event of 26 June 2024.
 - 1.2 At the time of writing information is still being gathered and collated and the council is about to transition from Response to Recovery. This report is therefore an aide to the Committee fulfilling its role as the risk-focused governance entity for Council.

RECOMMENDATION

The Pouwhakarae - Putea Tautawhi Rangapu | Group Manager Finance and Corporate Support RECOMMENDS that Committee receive the report and notes the risks inherent and consequential arising from the Response and Recovery Programmes.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 On 26 June 2024 significant rainfall combined with adverse tidal activity contributed to a flooding event that in some ways was more severe than Cyclone Gabrielle.
- 2.2 A State of Emergency was declared, and Council and its partners have been operating under Response conditions since.
- 2.3 With Cyclone Gabrielle Recovery ongoing and recognising the scale of the impacts of this new event, a full time Recovery Manager has been appointed, supported by the organisation and the Regional Recovery Agency (Group Recovery Manager).
- 2.4 The transition period is expected to endure for 4 weeks, to enable the continuing delivery of welfare services whilst embedding a Recovery structure that initially may see two Recovery programmes that conceivable may ultimately converge.
- 2.5 To support the Committee's discussion, the following documents are attached as **Appendices**:
 - 2.5.1. First Situation Report after declaration
 - 2.5.2. Final Situation Report before standdown
 - 2.5.3. Draft Transition Report

3. WIDER CONTEXT

- 3.1 It should be noted that the documents attached, necessarily and correctly, focus entirely on the risks and issues arising from the weather events and the resultant Recovery undertakings.
- 3.2 These matters also have considerable wider impacts on the Council and the community it serves, not least that Council must continue to deliver a level of service across its activities, maintain effective regulatory functions and while it is attempting to consult on its Long-term Plan 2024-27.

Further Information

These matters receive extensive across a range of platforms, from Council's website to national media.

References (to or from other Committees)



Coordination Facility:	SitRep Number:		
Wairoa Emergency Operation Centre (EOC)	1		
Event Name:	Date:		
Rain Event 26 June	Wednesday 26-06-2024		
Activation Status:	Declaration Status:		
Activated	Local declaration		
Summary of Event:			



Overview

Current Situation

Wairoa declared a State of Local Emergency this morning at 0637 following significant rainfall which had the potential to place lives and properties at risk. Emergency services and Operations are assisting. The rain forecast is to continue all day.

EOC Summary

WELFARE

Evacuation Centres War Memorial Hall – 130 people Presbyterian Hall - nil Hinemihi Marae - nil Taihoa Marae – 5 people

Schools/Childcare Centres Closed

Roster for Evacuation Centres

Volunteers

Mohaka Mohaka Marae on standby

Nuhaka

Tane-nui-a- Rangi Marae on standby Aramatua Shearers Quarters on standby

Te Rakato

Te Rakato Marae (Mahia) on standby

Mahia

Kaiuku Marae on standby

Animal Evacs - 4 x dogs to WDC pound, 4 x horses - pine block Boot Hill

HAWKE'S BAY

MERGENCY MANAGEMENT

WDC-01: SITUATION REPORT

PIM

Key messaging safety of our people.

Ongoing FB and website updates particularly re roading, safety, 'don't rush to flush'.
Mayor as spokesperson, verbally provided around 15 interviews plus another five media inquiries.
TVNZ sending reporters in this afternoon in hope to make 6pm news.
Key messaging using Mayor's voice on website and FB.
OPERATIONS
Roading

Local Road closures <u>Roading | Wairoa District Council (wairoadc.govt.nz)</u>
State Highway closures <u>Highway conditions | NZTA Journey Planner</u>
- SH2 to Napier closed

- Wairoa Bridge remaining open
- Main street closed as a precaution to keep people from driving through
- Sandbags being deployed main street.
- Kopu/Apatu/McLean most heavily affected, but streets well up the line (Karaka/Kowhai) are flooded also.

Landfill

- Kerbside is cancelled for today.
- Landfille closed to commercial emergency arrangements only.

Power Supply

- Power will be turned off to town, substation at playground nearly submerged 8.01am.
- Supply restored to hospital and some town area through brickworks feeder line 10.00am.

3 Waters:

- Wairoa/Opoutama/Mahia Inundated Do not rush to flush.
- Tuai wastewater road closed, can't get here asking locals to check this out.
- 20 portaloos coming down from Gizzy confirm if we require more.

Water Treatment

- Reservoirs 100% full.

Can	produce	if	needed.
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General

- Riverside Camping Ground is closed. Campervans moved to New World Carpark.
- Public toilets are closed.
- Panick buying at New World Supermarket.

HEALTH & SAFETY

- No concerns at present.
- Welfare checks for EOC staff.

LOGISTICS

- Surge support request for ops, intel, planning, response, police, FENZ and rapid building assessors.
- SH2 north is still open no concerns at this stage for food supply and fuel supply.
- Roster for staff.
- Mini tank for potable water to support at the War Memorial Hall.

EMERGENCY SERVICES

HAWKE'S BAY

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

WDC-01: SITUATION REPORT

- FENZ surge support due to arrive.
- POLICE door knocks completed four households refusing to leave. Expecting surge support, yet to confirm arrival.
- ST JOHNS surge support from Gisborne arrived.

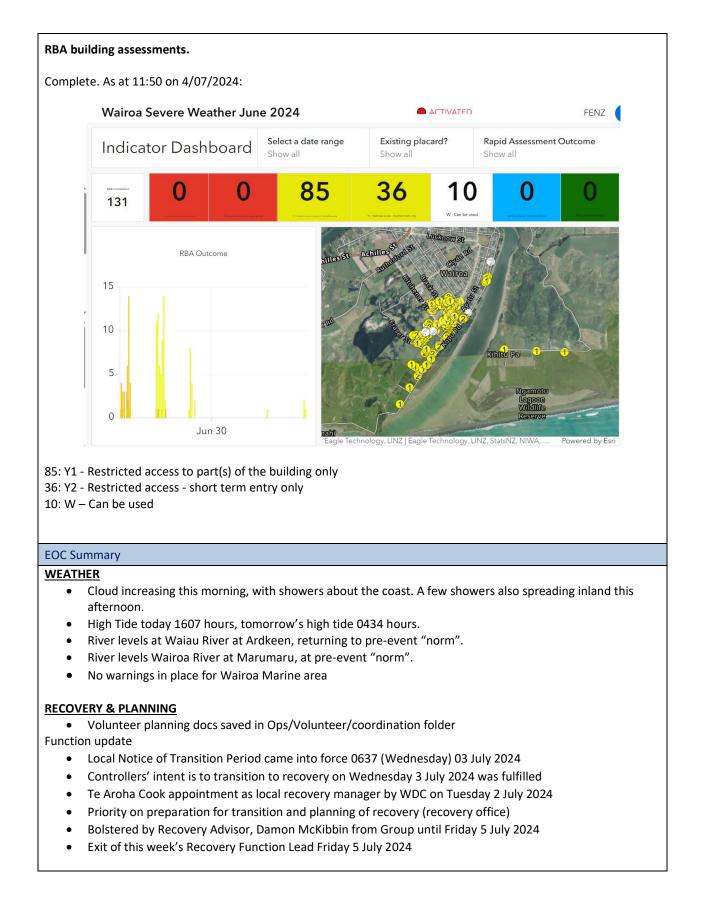
Additional information

Report prepared & approved by:	Juanita Savage – Local Controller
Date/time of approval:	Wed 26-06-2024 1110
Next situation report will be issued at:	Wed 26-06-2024 1430



Coordination Facility:	SitRep Number:					
Wairoa Emergency Operation Centre (EOC)	12					
Event Name:	Date:					
Rain Event 26 June	Thursday 04-07-2024					
Activation Status:	Declaration Status:					
Transition to recovery @ 0637 hours 03-07-2024						
Summary of Event:	<u> </u>					
Following significant rainfall of over 90ml on the 26 June 2024 which had the potential to place lives and properties at risk, Wairoa declared a State of Local Emergency at 0637. 420 properties and houses were affected by flooding, and originally 100 households were evacuated, primarily due to high sea swells, rainfall volume and river mouth placement.						
	Overview					
Current Situation						
The current priorities of the Wairoa EOC continue:						
 Provision of Psychosocial support. Planning for transition from Response to Reco Schools open Welfare Needs Assessment Overview 	very.					
Wairoa Severe Weather June 2024	ACTIVATED FENZ RBA Welfare					
💖 Wairoa DC - Welfare Needs Assess	ments Overview Dashboard - 2024 \equiv					
1 set render: 8 seconds can 40 20 0 Jun 29 Jul Status Indicators are not live	Total 202					
Open In Pr	rogress Closed					
47	37 68					
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Anticipated Priorities and Actions

- Update consequence analysis
- DRAFT of Transition Report circulated for comment
- Completion of Transition Report Prioritised 4 July 2024
- Development of Initial recovery action plan (continuing)
- Significant meetings for today include MSD, Temporary Accommodation Services status
- Preparation of handover notes for Local Recovery Manager

WELFARE & LOGISTICS

- Working on rosters for weekend, next week.
- Creating an MOU between MW and WDC.
- Finance transitioning to BAU.
- Caravan enabled, awaiting DHB staffing.
- Streamlining our processes between phycosocial, TAS and Maori wardens.
- Devolopong models between processes.
- TAS update to come.
- Welfare have transitioned to the isite.
- Working on closing Taihoa.
- Still continueing to monitor emails, needs assesments.
- No changes for MBIE spreadsheet. 53 current requests.
- Whanau are still requesting furniture and whiteware ie. dining tables, lounge suits, bed and bedding, fridges, washing machines and dryers.

OPERATIONS

- Waste transition plan, awaiting approval.
- Solid Waste pick-ups continuing until transition to phase 2.
- Working with HBRC for silt removal
- Joint function info plan, collection of accurate information
- Formalising protocol for volunteers with Māori Wardens
- Repairs underway at Glenbrook Road, passable to light vehicles.
- Repairs underway at Te Puna Ford.
- Managing taskings distribution between FENZ, Contractors, Taskforce Kiwi working with intel to close out
 outstanding taskings.
- Total 463 tonnes, Underfloor insulation removal continues 64 task 58 completed.

PIM

- Briefing paper for PM
- Joint function info plan
- Media inquiry from Mediaworks regarding yellow placard properties.
- Ongoing response messaging around operations have been pushed through Council's Facebook page and website.
- Caravan will be stationed at Enabled Wairoa as a community hub.
- Emergency Services comms updates

HOSPITAL

• Nothing of note, adding Frances to the morning meeting from a psychosocial response priority.

EMERGENCY SERVICES

NZ Police

• Direct patrolling around the affected areas to continue.



• Working with Maori wardens to create positive engagement with community

FENZ

- Primary objective safety checks/smoke alarms.
- Priority to send FENZ taskings. Consideration for Kihitu.
- Handing back to local fire brigade
- Great engagement from Wairoa community

SUPPORT AGENCIES

Māori wardens

- Expecting delivery of larger household goods, priority to uninsured/underinsured.
- maintaining high visibility overnight 2100 hours 0700 hours, plan to continue, a lot of activity last night, unfamiliar people.

Task force kiwi

- Continuing firewood delivery.
- Seeing a positive shift in community requesting support
- Responding to taskings via ops, welfare, customer services.
- Maintaining regular comms with Ops/intel for oversite of areas of operation.

Wairoa EOC Contacts

Role Colour	CIMS Role and Description	Contact
	Controller - Directs the local level response to the incident.	eoccontroller@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Recovery - Starts and integrates the recovery process during the initial response phase and ensures the recovery process is integrated into the response.	recovery@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Intelligence- Collects and analyses information and produces intelligence related to context, impacts, consequences, and forecast.	eocintel@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Operations - Tasks, coordinates, and tracks execution of the Action Plan.	eocoperations@wairoadc.govt.n
	Logistics- Provides personnel, equipment, supplies, facilities, and services to support response activities.	eoclogistics@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Welfare- Manages and coordinates the delivery of welfare services during a response to an incident.	eocwelfare@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Public Information Management- Develops and delivers messages to the public and liaises with the impacted community. Develops messaging for Governance when Strategic Communications is not activated.	eocpim@wairoadc.govt.nz
	Planning- Plans for response activities and resource needs.	eocplanning@wairoa.govt.nz
	Safety - Advises on measures to minimise risks to response personnel.	eocresponse@wairoadc.govt.nz



Report prepared:	Logan McKay - EOC intel
Approved by:	Local Controller - Juanita Savage
Date/time of approval:	Thursday 04-07-2024 1452
Next situation report will be issued at:	Friday 05-07-2024 1330



Wairoa Emergency Operations Centre Response Transition Report

Event:	26 th June Rain Event		
Regions/Districts/Wards affected:	Wairoa District		
Prepared by:	David Elliott		
Handover from Local Controller:	Juanita Savage	Signature:	
Handover to Group Recovery Manager:	Ross McLeod	Signature:	
Chief Executive Wairoa District Council:	Kitea Tipuna	Signature:	
Date of handover from Controller to Recovery Manager:	<mark>? July 2024</mark>		
Status:	V1		

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Section 1 Executive summary

This Transition to Recovery report summarises the emergency response and outlines ongoing risks and prioritised focus areas for recovery. The information contained in this report is accurate as at 03 July 2024. It is predominantly derived of the Wairoa Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) Situation Reports, agency briefings and iwi consultation.

Wairoa declared a State of Local Emergency at 0637 on Wednesday the 26th June following significant rainfall of over 90ml which had the potential to place lives and properties at risk. This Event was amplified due to the destructive effects of Cyclone Gabrielle which previously resulted in major damage to land, infrastructure, and homes.

There are ongoing impacts of the Severe Rain Event (the Event) which confirm the need for a recovery period. A formal Recovery Plan will be initiated by the Local Recovery Manager, with engagement and input from iwi, community partners and national agencies, will follow.

420 properties and houses were affected, and originally 100 households were evacuated, primarily due to high sea swells, rainfall volume and river mouth placement. Displaced families from affected properties will require ongoing accommodation support and leads into the broader question of long-term housing needs.

Core services (drinking water, waste and power) have been restored to affected areas. Resilience of core infrastructure services to future events needs to be considered.

1.1 Ongoing Priorities

1.1.1 Transition Recovery Support

- Maintain the momentum and progress in response through an orderly transition to a wellsupported recovery for Wairoa's community.
- Develop a framework for recovery best able to support the continuation of recovery from Cyclone Gabrielle and the recovery effort from the 26 June 2024 Rain Event.
- Maintain oversight to ensure all requests for welfare services are followed up before being closed out, to ensure no gaps.
- Ensure a smooth transition from emergency accommodation to temporary accommodation for displaced households.
- Support strong relationships with Iwi and affected communities in support of recovery.
- Proactively engage with agencies supporting recovery ensuring all opportunities for external support are secured.
- Coordinate effective recovery efforts across governmental and non-governmental agencies, lwi, the private-sector and Wairoa's community.

Communication and Information

- Continue to keep the community informed so affected persons know where they can access the support they need.
- Clearly communicate recovery activities, events and progress to affected communities, partners and stakeholders.

Infrastructure

- Maintain the ability to undertake building assessments as required.
- Complete impact assessments, inspections and the development of repair programmes across affected infrastructural services.
- Strengthening the resilience of Lifelines, with a particular focus on State Highway 35 and State Highway 2.

Community Needs

- Ensure support for displaced households who may require long-term accommodation solutions.
- Consider the existing and subsequent psychosocial needs of those affected by the floods and the development of a psychosocial plan.
- Identify others not affected directly by the floods but have elevated anxiety due to numerous rain events.
- refine payment criteria of the expanded Mayoral Relief Fund and raise awareness in the community.

Rural Economy, Farming, Horticulture, and Forestry

- Understand the impacts and consequences on rural production and primary industries.
- Support the well-being of the rural sector (farmers and growers) .

Current and emergent risks

- Assess current and potential risks as well as work with HBCDEM on contingency plans to mitigate these e.g. further heavy rain events.
- Understand cumulative impacts from previous weather events.
- The management of flood-damaged material/waste, particularly from affected houses.
- Ongoing assessment of land management control.
- Review of river management with HBRC.

Next Steps for the WDC Recovery Team

- Establishment of a refreshed Recovery Office:
 - providing a single front door to affected communities
 - o coordinating services across all affected communities for maximum effect
 - o targeting services to impacts, consequences or communities where necessary
 - with the ability maintain progress towards supported recovery outcomes for the longterm benefit of Wairoa District.
- Refresh current the Recovery Action Plan to incorporate recovery efforts to address the 26 June 2024 Rain Event with updated measures of progress.
- Refresh and refine associated communications and engagement plans.

Section 2 Emergency and Response Summary

2.1 Summary of the Event

A low-pressure system bought sustained heavy rainfall to the East Coast over the period Tuesday 25th June – Thursday 27th June. This combined with a high sea swell caused large areas of water inundation to a large number of homes.

- 420 properties and houses were affected, and originally 100 households were evacuated.
- Drinking water supplies were impacted but were restored within a few days.
- Power outages to at least 2,049 customers, including a regionally significant Airways ADS-B site.
- Previous damage to roads and infrastructure from Cyclone Gabrielle continuous to lend fragility to roads and infrastructure. This fragility led to some communities being isolated by the Event.
- Restoration of roading infrastructure is a long-term issue that should be addressed through the Cyclone Gabrielle recovery programme, primarily restoration of permanent access to Glenbrook Rd needs to be addressed.

The declaration expired at 0637 on Wednesday 03 July, 2024 and a period of 28 days allowed for a transition phase. It is anticipated that the recovery from the Event will be combined with the ongoing recovery from Cyclone Gabrielle.

Declaration/ Notice	Start date	Expiry date	Given by	Terminated by	Area covered	Comments (include reason for declaration / notice)
State of Local Emergency	0637 hrs 26/06/24	0637 hrs 03/07/2024	Wairoa Mayor Craig Little	Wairoa Mayor Craig Little	Wairoa District	Weather Event
Transition Period	0638 hrs 04/07/2024	31/07/2024	Wairoa Mayor Craig Little		Wairoa District	

2.2 Extraordinary Powers

2.3 Summary of Emergency Powers Exercised

No emergency powers were formally exercised during this event; however, evacuations were carried out by emergency services and roads were closed (state highways and local) and vehicle weight limitations placed on specific roads to avoid further damage as required.

A transition period is required for this response, as recovery activities require the use of associated powers under the CDEM Act 2002. These powers may include:

- 94H General Powers
- 94L Entry on premises and places
- 94M Closing roads and public places

2.4 Expenditure, Funding and Assistance

Expenditure generated during the response will be obtained from EOC Logistics and Welfare teams during the transition. Invoices will need to be collated and prepared for submitting claims under Section 33. Such costs may include:

- Welfare costs for displaced persons
- Open purchase orders generated during the response.
- Costs associated with deployed agencies/surge support.
- Other operational costs

2.4.1 Transition to Recovery

Hawke's Bay CDEM Group Manager will submit an expense claim to NEMA for eligible expenses under Section 33 of the Guide to the National CDEM Plan. WDC and/or Recovery Manger will compile appropriate costs for reimbursement of claims.

2.4.2 Ongoing Costs

Ongoing costs for the response include:

- Significant Welfare Support
- Removal of Waste/Debris cleanup
- Emergency/Temporary accommodation
- Staff located to WDC to assist with the recovery.

2.4.3 Government Assistance

The Government released a further \$500,000 additional funding to the original \$100,000 for the Mayoral Relief fund for WDC.

Funding for flood remediation work and associated capital projects may be available from the recently announced Regional Infrastructure Fund which has set aside \$200 million for flood resilience infrastructure. Applications should be considered by WDC and submitted where appropriate.

2.5 Response Staff

Who managed and led the response, including response function leads:

Function	Function Manager
Controller	Juanita Savage (WDC)
Intelligence	
Planning	Becky Manson
Welfare	Nicky Parker
PIM	Kate Standring
Operations	Mike Hardie
Logistics	Courtney
Safety	
Recovery	

Response staff still deployed:

Controller	Juanita Savage (WDC)
------------	----------------------

Logan McKay (CHBC)		
David Elliott (HDC)		
Nicky Parker		
Monique Jeffares (NCC)		
Austin King (WDC)		
Mike Hardie (WDC)		
Robert Hon (CHBC)		
Duncan Barr (NCC)		
Michelle Warren		
Wayne Brown (AEM)		

2.6 Information Management

Information	How has it been gathered	Where is it recorded	Ongoing Information Management		
Road Closures and Direct from:		Traffic map	Updated as required		
restricted access	NZTA	(nzta.govt.nz)			
	 WDC 	Road Information			
		Wairoa District			
		Council			
Needs Assessment Data	Needs assessment	Welfare and Logistics	Completed cases will be		
	gathered through:	in Teams Welfare	transferred to a secure		
	WDC request for	function	container.		
	Service logs		Ongoing cases will be		
	Staff deployed in		transferred to the Transition		
	the field		team site.		
Building Assessments data	WDC Building	Managed by WDC	Managed by WDC		
and confirmations	assessors				
Wairoa EOC Claims	Collated by Welfare	Managed by WDC	Collated and actioned in		
	and Logistics teams		WDC finance		
Situation Reports and	Gathered	Within Wairoa EOC	Will be archived to be		
Action Plans	information from	Teams site.	available as required		
	the EOC				
	Intelligence and				
	Planning				

Section 3 Nature and extent of consequences (short, medium and long-term)

3.1 Condition of Community Affected by the Emergency

Damage to houses needs to be repaired in a timely manner. Families unable to return home place pressure on temporary accommodation services, and face increased social challenges. Families in damaged properties may face additional hardship over the winter period. Access to tradespeople, resolving insurance and rebuilding support are a priority.

The roading network remains fragile and will continue to affect the ability of communities to access services and maintain essential connections.

3.2 Situations with Potential to Escalate or Exacerbate

Wairoa remains exposed to future weather events. The region had not fully recovered from the effects of Cyclone Gabrielle when the Event took place and any further weather events of similar scale will continue to delay the recovery.

Significantly, future events will continue to place pressure on supplying communities affected by access issues and heighten anxiety for residents previously affected by inundation.

3.3 Social Environment

The consequences of this emergency on the social environment may include:

- existing housing and social needs arising from Cyclone Gabrielle compounded by impacts of event.
- disruption to day-to-day life
- impacts on physical and mental wellbeing (stress/anxiety), including those providing support services and the increasing demands and fatigue.
- increase in alcohol and substance use as a coping mechanism.
- increase in family harm due to stress from disruption of normal life.
- limited access to homes/living in temporary housing.
- crowded accommodation where households are staying with family/friends (may also contribute to risk of communicable disease transmission, eg. COVID-19, influenza)
- no access to usual belongings
- stress of managing insurance claims/excess
- no insurance or not enough cover
- isolation
- loss of personal belongings or property
- security of unoccupied properties
- unknown period of displacement
- logistics of managing repairs with limited tradespeople and supplies
- additional financial stressors
- impact on people from multiple recent weather events

Impact	Comment	Future needs
Deaths	None reported	N/A
People displaced	Initially up to 100 people were displaced into Evacuation centres <mark>. All displaced people had been placed in alternative accommodation by the handover.</mark>	Supporting people in temporary accommodation. <mark>12 people remain at</mark> Evacuation centres.
People injured	None reported	N/A
People in emergency accommodation	Long-term accommodation solutions will be required for some cases.	There are 55 households in emergency accommodation who have indicated they will be seeking temporary accommodation.
Impact on children	Schools were temporarily closed. Several public playgrounds remain closed.	N/A
Impact on older people	Some older people presented at Evacuation centres for support	Continue to promote availability of services to help those affected by the floods. Importantly suitable warm accommodation over the winter months needs considering.
Impact on iwi and marae	Marae were used for Evacuation Centres and provided support for displaced persons	Ongoing engagement and involvement of <mark>Tangata Whenua</mark> in recovery.
Impact on pets	SPCA took in some cats and dogs over the Event. Enquiries were fielded regarding access to pet food. Horses were checked and horse covers were given to those animals that needed them.	HUHA providing animal welfare supplies from a distribution point at Pataka. Further supplies arriving over the week.
Financial needs	The Mayoral Relief Fund was established with \$100k from central government Additional \$500k. Further the Mayor's Give -a-llittle page has raised in excess of	

3.3.1 Consequences on People and Communities and Probable Future Needs

3.3.2 Impact and Welfare Needs Assessments

Rapid Impact and welfare needs assessments completed	Assessments outstanding	Comment
202 needs assessments received with 119 completed	83	10 complex cases expected transition into the recovery phase.

Available support	Issues	Future needs
Medical services	Running as normal	Staffing issues being addressed.
Psychosocial support	Running as normal	Managed by MSD
Temporary Accommodation	Requests filed	Up to 55 requests to be filled

3.3.3 Support Carried Forward from Response

3.3.4 Temporary Accommodation

The need for temporary accommodation is currently being assessed. A decision to activate MBIE's Temporary Accommodation Service (TAS) has yet to be confirmed. A TAS representative is currently in Wairoa to support an assessment of Wairoa's needs. There is concern about the tight accommodation supply in the Wairoa.

3.3.5 Navigators

Currently there are no dedicated community navigators, and this function was being carried out by the Welfare function through the response. Consideration should be given to establishing Community Connectors to provide a point of contact for queries arelating to available support services.

3.4 Built Environment

Most of the damage was to roads in the form of landslips. Strong flows damaged temporary fords used since Cyclone Gabrielle, further isolating communities. Floodwaters also reached a number of homes in Wairoa, leading to internal water damage.

3.4.1 Residential Buildings

Area / Zone	Insanitary	Yellow		Red	White
	building notices	Y1	Y2		
Wairoa	0			0	10

85: Y1 - Restricted access to part(s) of the building only

36: Y2 - Restricted access - short term entry only

10: W – Can be used

3.4.2 Community Assets

There was no major damage to community assets however, community facilities such as playgrounds and walkways were affected and will require cleaning up to be restored to normal use. WDC will need to organise for remediation of these sites through BAU functions.

3.4.3 Local roads

- Type and extent of damage: Kopu/Apatu/McLean most heavily affected, but streets well up the line (Karaka/Kowhai) were flooded also.
- Glenbrook Road Putorino is now passable at the ford to light vehicles but remains susceptible to weather.

- In general roads remain fragile post Cyclone Gabrielle and the Event may have led to further damage to the road network or affected repairs taking place.
- It is expected that repairs to affected roads will be enveloped into the existing scope of works, noting the possibility of increased costs, ongoing from Cyclone Gabrielle.
- For example Glenbrook Rd already has contractors onsite and a bridge replacement has already been considered for funding as part of the Gabrielle long-term recovery.

3.4.4 National Roads

- Ongoing repairs were already underway for State Highway 2 and State Highway 38 post Gabrielle.
- Slips, washouts, and bridge repairs continue to be needed. The link to Napier remains fragile and subject to closure with any major weather event.

3.4.5 Rail

• No change.

3.4.6 Stopbanks, Flood Protection Structures and Dams

- Similar to roading in that flood protection measures have previously been identified from Gabrielle. HBRC remain responsible for carrying out the mitigation work associated with stop banks and flood mitigation measures.
- In this Event the status and management of the Wairoa River mouth Bar has been identified as an issue and need to be investigated.

3.4.7 Other Lifelines (Electricity, Fuel, Telecommunications, 3 Waters)

• No current issues.

3.5 Natural Environment

Impacts on the natural environment include:

- approximately 120 flood affected properties.
- increased deposition of silt and debris along riverside and residential areas.
- significant storm water discharge
- landslips and flooding
- no current reports of hazardous substances introduced into waterways.
- woody debris dispersed throughout the area, currently being collected into piles for disposal
- disposal of damaged household items (carpets, furniture, electrical items etc.) in piles on roadside. Currently free pickup of these by WDC to ensure these get to landfill, in order to divert from illegal dumping in the environment.
- The impacts to the natural environment are being monitored and mitigated as reasonably practical by WDC in conjunction with ongoing assessments.

3.5.1 Hazards

- Slips or compromised land stability is the primary hazard due to the flood event. Further monitoring will be required.
- Rivers, catchments and streams will continue to be monitored.

3.5.2 Ecosystems

• Woody debris has been dispersed across different aquatic and terrestrial environments. Any additional adverse impacts on ecosystems that are found will be investigated and assessed as appropriate.

3.5.3 Water drainage

• Water has reduced to small areas of standing water. Assessment of water drains for blockages should be completed.

3.5.4 Debris/Waste management

• Debris has been collected into piles for collection by WDC. A 3-phase plan has been constructed to allow affected homeowners to request pick-up or dispose of waste for free at the transfer station via a permit system.

3.5.5 Land contamination

• At this stage it is unknown if floodwater in the affected areas is likely to have contaminated soil. Further investigation may be required.

3.6 Economic Environment

The flooding has had a significant impact on the regional economic environment. WDC already faces increased costs from supporting the Gabrielle recovery programme. Homeowners face significant costs in repairs to damaged property and the implications of the flood regarding future insurance remains to be seen.

3.6.1 Employment / Business resumption

Some businesses were affected by the flooding but there are no formal assessments of disruption to the economy, businesses, or employment because of the flooding.

3.6.2 Insurance

- Insurance data regarding the event is not yet available. WDC Recovery will include sourcing this data from the Insurance Council and EQC as appropriate.
- Those who were not insured and require financial assistance will be referred to support agencies.
- Those in dispute with their insurer can be referred to the Claims Resolution Service (CRS).

Rural environment (Primary production)

Farmers are beginning to report damage to farms due to the event. This includes damage to tracks, drainage culverts and inundation of low-lying areas.

Reports will need to be considered and, if appropriate, forwarded to MPI, the Rural Support Trust or other support services.

3.7 Response Handover

Position	Name	Contact Details
Local Recovery Manager	Te Aroha Cook	ТВС
Group Recovery Manager	Ross McLeod (RRA)	Ross.McLeod@hbrecovery.govt.nz

3.8 Recovery Leads

CIMS function	Name of Lead		Handover to		Date handed over	
Controller	Juanita Savage		Te Aroha Cook		03/07/2024	
Operations	Robert Hon		Mike Hardie		04/07/2024	
PIMS	Kate Standring		Austin King		03/07/2024	
Welfare	Nicky Parker		Rupene Amato		04/07/2024	
Project/Environment	Name of Lead Ag		Agency Con		act Details	
Solid Waste Collection	Mike Hardie	w	DC	michaelh@wairoadc.govt.nz		
Infrastructure/Open Spaces remediation	Mike Hardie	w	DC	michaelh@wairoadc.govt.nz		

Wairoa EOC: 26th June Rain Event Response to Recovery Transition Report (2024) Information in this report is current as of 1800 Sunday 26 June 2024



Accommodation Services	Monique Lawry	TAS.	Monique.Lowry@mbie.govt.nz
Welfare Support	Jo Whakahope	MSD	ТВС
Psychological Support	Francis Oliver	Te Whatu Ora	027 4570120
Building Assessment	Mike Hardie	WDC	michaelh@wairoadc.govt.nz

3.9 Plans

This Recovery Transition Report will inform preparation of recovery plans and decision-making thereafter.

Plans to be developed:

- Drop-in centre capacity, timings and staff
- Potential on-going resupply of isolated families on Glenbrook Rd
- Waste management up to return to BAU.

3.10 Reporting

The following updates will be available in the Teams folders:

- Intelligence Update Report
- Daily Operations Update
- Outstanding Welfare Needs Assessments

3.11 Upcoming Meetings and Forums

Lead organisation	Who attends	Dates
MBIE Temporary Accomodation Services	Welfare Team, Recovery	Thursday

Wairoa District Council Response Transition Report Page 14/22



Section 4 Engagement and communications

4.1 Engagement plans

WDC will be responsible for leading engagement and communications regarding the recovery to the Event.

Plan Outline:

- Immediate Actions (First 30 days): Focus on safety, initial damage assessment, strategic communications and emergency response.
- Short-term Actions (1-3 months): Establish communication channels, begin recovery efforts, and mobilize community support.
- Medium-term Actions (3-6 months): Continue recovery efforts, enhance community engagement, and provide ongoing support.
- Long-term Actions (6+ months): Evaluate progress, transition from recovery to rebuilding, and maintain communication for sustained support.

4.2 Engagement with key partners 4.2.1 Iwi Partnership

lwi	contacts	

lwi	Name	Contact Details
Tātāu Tātāu o Te Wairoa Trust	Chair - Leon Symes	chair@ttotw.iwi.nz
(TTOTW)	CEO - Lewis Ratapu	lewis@ttotw.iwi.nz
Rongomaiwahine Iwi Trust	Chair - Paul Ratapu	paul@rongomaiwahine.iwi.nz
(RIT)	CEO - Terence 'Blue' Maru	terence@rongomaiwahine.iwi.nz
Te lwi o Raikaipaaka Trust (TIORT)	Key Contact - Johnina Symes	infor@ngatirakaipaaka.iwi.nz
Ngā Tokorima a Hinemanuhiri Trust (NTAHT)	Chair - Benita Tahuri	<u>chair@hinemanuhiri.com</u>
Waikaremoana Tribal Authority (WTA)	GM - Tina Wagner	tina@wta.iwi.nz
Ngāti Pāhauwera Development	Chair - Toro Waaka	toro.waaka@npdt.co.nz
Trust (NPDT)	CEO - Robin Hape	robin.hape@npdt.co.nz
WDC Māori Standing Committee	Chair - Henare Mita	<u>henaremita@xtra.co.nz</u>

Wairoa District Council Response Transition Report Page 15/22



4.3 Other key stakeholders

The following agencies are key stakeholders in the transition to Recovery:

- National Emergency Management Agency
- Ministry of Social Development
- Ministry of Business Innovation and Employment (TAS and RAS)
- Insurance Council of New Zealand

Contacts

Stakeholder	Name	Contact Details
TAS	Monique Lowry	Monique.Lawry@MBIE.govt.nz
MSD	Jo Whakahope	ТВС
Psychosocial Support	Francis Oliver	027 4570120
Wairoa Health/ Hospital	Peter Whalley	027 2905791
	Wietske Cloo	027 4794813
	Acute ward at night	06 8389714
ICNZ	Sean Fullen	021 137 1767
		sean@icnz.org.nz

4.4 Community engagement

Community engagement will be ongoing through normal BAU with WDC staff to continue engagement via the Community Engagement Team and Welfare teams.

Engagement plans include utilising the WDC caravan and stand up counter at Council/for affected people to visit.

4.5 Communications plans

The ongoing PIM function of the recovery will be managed by Wairoa District Council's Community Engagement Team, which oversees the communications, community development, economic development, funding and events portfolios.

Wairoa District Council Response Transition Report Page 16/22

Item 8.2- Appendix 3

Section 5 Short term resource analysis

The Recovery Action Plan will cover medium and long term resource allocation. Resource allocations for short term actions are summarised below.

: 51 Analysis of high

5.1 Analysis of high and medium priority short term resource needs	Priority Responsible agency Resourcing Staff \$ needed and lead	High HBCDEM, WDC Decrations, 3-5 Recovery Assist	Medium WDC	High MBIE, WDC Welfare Welfare Lead 1-2		
medium priority short te						
Analysis of high and	Action # from Action above	Recovery Team	Solid Waste Collection	Accommodation		

Wairoa EOC: 26th June Rain Event Response to Recovery Transition Report (2024) 26 June 2024

Information in this report is current as of 1800 Sunday

5.2 Risks

Key risks and issues arising because of the emergency and in moving from response to recovery, and actions proposed and underway to reduce the impact.

Risks are potential future problems and issues are current problems. A risk is something that hasn't happened yet but has some probability of occurring. An issue is a ick that he

Risk/issue	Action needed	Responsibility	Result
Non/under insured.	To be identified and linked with agencies. Access to financial help.	WDC, MBIE,MSD	Owners receive good advice and support for funding repairs to property
Complex needs emerge requiring a navigation service	Consider establishment of a navigation service as part of recovery.	WDC, MBIE,MSD	Affected communities receive ongoing and effective support.
Effect of pre-existing accommodation pressures in Gisborne on people requiring temporary accommodation	MBIE Temporary Accommodation Service ('TAS') to assist those requiring temporary accommodation due to the flood.	MBIE	TAS (Enable) provide accommodation services for all displaced individuals
Need for a single source of truth regarding building assessment outcomes/ displaced persons and results of ongoing re- assessments.	Single source truth using building assessment data and intel needed to ensure common operating picture across agencies.	WDC	Community is able to access correct information to assist in decision making.
Affected persons not knowing where to go for help	Continued regular communications of where to access help for those affected.	WDC	Community is able to access appropriate support when needed from an easily navigated process

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	Consider Welfare Factsheet detailing agency responsibilities and services to support those affected by the weather event.		
Increased risk of family harm or crime within impacted communities	Police to monitor, investigate and respond as appropriate.	Police, MSD	Communities remain safe
Access to continued intelligence to inform recovery when ECC demobilised	WDC Recovery to link into key stakeholders to identify any trends/patterns regarding ongoing welfare needs.	WDC Recovery Team	Ongoing task to mitigate risk.
Roading and bridge repairs – local roads and State Highways	Ongoing from Cyclone Gabrielle	WDC, Waka Katohi	Road network is returned to pre- Gabrielle state and communities not vulnerable to isolation.

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Status						
Expected completion Status date						
Priority						
Transfer Transfer Responsible from to person						
Transfer to						
Transfer from					Short	
Expected outcome					Medium	Timing
					Long	
Action Outstanding # action	 Priority	High	Medium	Low		

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Section 7 Source documents

Documents used to develop this Transition Response Report:

- Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002
- Hawke's Bay Group Recovery Strategy (2014-2019)
 - Daily Intelligence Updates
 - PIM Transition Plan
- Operations Response Plan
- Welfare Needs Assessments

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